

Instructions:-

- (i) The marks are indicated in the right-hand margin.
- (ii) There are NINE questions in this paper.
- (iii) Attempt FIVE questions in all.
- (iv) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

- Q.1 Choose the correct answer of the following (Any seven question only):** **[2 x 7 = 14]**
- (a) Which of the following are the common problems associated with operation of rapid sand filter?
 - (I) Air binding
 - (II) Mud ball formation
 - (III) Zoogloal layer development
 - (IV) Cracking of sand beds
 - (i) (I) and (II)
 - (ii) (II) and (III)
 - (iii) (I), (II) and (IV)
 - (iv) (I), (II), (III) and (IV)
 - (b) Modern turbidity meters working on the principle of 'scattering of light' are known as
 - (i) Jackson's turbidity meter
 - (ii) Turbidity rod or tape
 - (iii) Nephelometric turbidity meter
 - (iv) None of the above
 - (c) The valve which allows the flow only in one direction is
 - (i) reflux valve
 - (ii) sluice valve
 - (iii) relief valve
 - (iv) gate valve
 - (d) As per IS: 4954 - 1964 an acceptable noise level for residential and business urban areas is
 - (i) 40 -50 dB
 - (ii) 30 -40 dB
 - (iii) 15 -25 dB
 - (iv) 50 -60 dB
 - (e) The correct sequence of treatment processes in water treatment plant
 - (i) Filtration -chlorination- sedimentation-coagulation
 - (ii) Chlorination-coagulation-sedimentation-Filtration
 - (iii) Coagulation-sedimentation-Filtration-Chlorination
 - (iv) Coagulation-sedimentation-Chlorination-Filtration
 - (f) Suitable layout of water distribution system for a well-planned city is
 - (i) Dead end system
 - (ii) Grid iron system
 - (iii) Ring system
 - (iv) Radial system
 - (g) Two primary air pollutants are
 - (i) Sulphur oxide and ozone
 - (ii) Nitrogen oxide and peroxyacetylnitrate
 - (iii) Sulphur oxide and hydrocarbon
 - (iv) Ozone and peroxyacetylnitrate
 - (h) The minimum dissolved oxygen which should always be present in water order to save the aquatic life is
 - (i) 4 ppm
 - (ii) 1 ppm
 - (iii) 10 ppm
 - (iv) 40 ppm
 - (i) BOD value of potable water should be
 - (i) 0 mg/L
 - (ii) 20 mg/L
 - (iii) 5 mg/L
 - (iv) 30 mg/L
 - (j) Tow pipe system contains:
 - (i) A single pipe system without any separate ventilation pipe
 - (ii) One vertical pipe which collects wastewater and separate vent pipe
 - (iii) Two sets of vertical pipes (two for collection of wastewater & two vent pipes)
 - (iv) None of the above.

P.T.O.

- Q.2 (a) What do you understand by design period of a water-supply scheme? Describe in brief the factors considered in estimating design period of a water supply scheme. [7]
- (b) For water supply of a small town with daily requirement of 225000 litres, it is proposed to build a distribution reservoir. The pattern of draw of water is as follows: [7]
- 7:00 AM – 8:00 AM : 30% of daily supply
 8:00 AM – 5:00 PM : 35% of daily supply
 5:00 PM – 6:30 PM : 30% of daily supply
 6:30 PM – 7:00 AM : 5% of daily supply
 The pumping is to be done for 8 hours per day between 8:00 AM to 4:00 PM.
 Determine the storage capacity of reservoir.
- Q.3 (a) What is the difference between BOD and COD? Calculate 2 days 30°C BOD of sewage sample whose 5 days 20°C BOD is 110 mg/l. Assume K_D at 20°C as 0.1. [7]
- (b) Determine the surface area of a settling tank for $0.5 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$ design flow using the design overflow rate as $32.5 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}/\text{m}^2$. Find the depth of the clarifier for the overflow rate and detention time of 95 mins. Assume, length-to-width ratios for settling tank as 2:1 and length not to exceed 100 m. Recommend the dimensions of the tank. [7]
- Q.4 (a) Discuss the major sources of air pollutants observed in urban areas. [6]
- (b) What are the effects of the following air pollutants on human body: [8]
- (i) Particulates
 (ii) Sulphur Dioxide
 (iii) Nitrogen Oxides
 (iv) Photochemical Oxidants
- Q.5 (a) Discuss various sources of noise and ill effects of noise pollution. [7]
- (b) Explain in brief the major factors and action that may help in noise abatement in society. [7]
- Q.6 (a) Explain the term Breakpoint chlorination and its chemistry in context of disinfection of water. [7]
- (b) A water treatment plant is to treat water at the rate of $6000 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$. If there are two rectangular sedimentation tanks ($27 \text{ m} \times 5 \text{ m} \times 3.8 \text{ m}$). Determine detention time and overflow rate. [7]
- Q.7 (a) What are the requirements of good water distribution system? [7]
- (b) Compute the dimensions of continuous flow rectangular settling tank treating average of 24×10^5 litres/day. Take detention period for raw water sedimentation to be 6 hours. [7]
- Q.8 (a) What is photochemical smog, how is it formed and how does it effect. [6]
- (b) Define hardness of water. Describe various methods employed for the removal of hardness from water. [8]
- Q.9 Write short notes on any four of the following: [3½x4=14]
- (a) Pressure reducing valve
 (b) Break Pressure tanks
 (c) Service reservoirs
 (d) Storage tanks
 (e) Slow sand filter
 (f) Various pipe fittings used in plumbing system.